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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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VOL. LXIII.--NO. 138. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,843

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Dun reports business the past month the largest ever known in February; a striking feature is the rapid advance in iron and steel products. —— The nominations of Dewey to be admiral of the navy and Brigadier General Otis to be major general by brevet were confirmed yesterday by the Senate. —— Gen. Miles has employed counsel to represent him in the embalmed beef investigation. —— Ex-President Cleveland, Capt. R. D. Evans and E. C. Benedict are at Georgetown, S. C., on a hunting and fishing excursion. —— The Pope's physicians say they are satisfied with his condition. —— The N. C. Legislature is expected to adjourn next Tuesday. —— Democratic caucus at Raleigh elected a railroad commission, with Frank McNeil, of Wilmington, chairman. —— Severe earthquake shock was felt in Norfolk yesterday morning. —— Hail storm and cyclone in Marlboro county, S. C., destroyed considerable property. —— Two negro men were killed by lightning near Greensboro, N. C. —— New York markets: Money on call firm at 2½@4½ per cent., the last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton dull, middling uplands 6 9-16c; flour dull and about steady, without change; wheat—spot quiet, No. 2 red 85@85½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 44½@45½c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 34½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady at 46 @46½c..

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., March 3.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 60 deg.; 8 P.M., 60 deg.; maximum, 75 deg.; minimum, 59 deg.; mean, 67 deg.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, T.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 25.0 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—For North Carolina: Rain; brisk east to southeast winds, increasing.

Port Almanac---March 4.

Sun Rises	6.29 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.56 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 29 M.
High Water at Southport	12.32 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	4.00 P. M.

Atlanta wants a canal. The next thing Atlanta will be wanting will be to be a seaport.

The Union Paper Bag Trust represents a capital of $27,000,000 and expects to bag big profits.

Mr. Joseph Button, of Virginia, has "renounced free silver," and nobody cares a button if he has.

The probabilities are that the canned beef submitted for inspection at the Court of Inquiry, is of the latest vintage.

The American postal card is a pretty heavy institution. It takes 72,000 tons of paper to make a year's stock for this country.

That 74-year old Georgia farmer who married his dead son's 30-year old widow was evidently determined to keep her in the family.

The billion dollar Congress is a thing of the past. It is only a question of time now when it will be the two billion dollar Congress.

Dr. Peck, of New York, has originated a good deal of trouble in his time. He claims to have made 14,000 matrimonial matches in eleven years.

A Philadelphia man wound up a spat with his sweetheart by killing himself with a dose of poison. Rash fellow. If he had taken the poison first he might have avoided the spat.

Spain has offered the Filipinos $500,000 to liberate the Spanish prisoners they hold; but the Filipinos demand $7,000,0000. They want a chunk of those $20,000,000 they have heard of.

The unsuspecting Chicago burglar man who found himself confronted by a mad woman with a long bread knife when found hiding in her house took long strides in getting out to save his hide.

The members of Congressional committees have pulls, as it were. According to Congressman Maddox the States represented by fifteen members of the committee on Public Buildings get $7,500,000.

Experiments with one smokeless locomotive have proved so satisfactory on the New York Central railway, that it will have more of them. But we still insist that what this country most needs is a smokeless cigarette.

The soldiers who appeared before the Court of Inquiry to testify as to the beef they saw in Cuba, couldn't identify it by the cans exhibited in the court, which lacked both the age and the rank (odor) of the stuff they had encountered.

LOCAL DOTS.

— License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Walter Thomas and Annie Tate, both colored.

— The local fish market yesterday was overrun with shad. They brought forty cents, and ready sale was found for them.

— The Clyde steamer *Oneida* came up from her regular Georgetown trip yesterday and will clear today for New York.

— Messrs. J. Allen Taylor and Hugh MacRae are announced as candidates for re-election as Aldermen from the Third Ward.

— Justice Fowler disposed of three cases yesterday; one for assault and battery, one for contempt, and one for obtaining money under false pretence.

— Friends of Rev. Angus McDonald, pastor of Black River Presbyterian Church, will regret to learn that he is seriously ill at his home near Ivanhoe.

— Messrs. H. P. West and Wm. E. Springer have been placed in nomination for Aldermen, representing the Second Ward, subject to the Democratic primaries.

— At a meeting of Democratic voters in the Fifth Ward last night, Messrs. J. M. McGowan and M. G. Tienken were endorsed unanimously as candidates for Aldermen from that Ward.

— Ex-Sheriff Hewlett yesterday wound up his official career at the Court House, and proper returns of taxes collectable and uncollectable have been made out and were forwarded to the State Auditor yesterday.

— Pupils of the Wilmington High School, who are interested in athletics, are requested to meet in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. this afternoon at 7.15 o'clock for the purpose of perfecting the organization of an athletic club.

— Parties living about midway between Wilmington and Castle Hayne, in Cape Fear township, reported quite a heavy hail storm in that locality about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. No damage to growing crops was, however, reported.

— Rev. P. C. Morton makes an excellent report of the flourishing condition of the night school being conducted under the auspices of Immanuel Presbyterian Church. The attendance is larger than it has been in a long while. The pupils are making excellent progress.

— One of the occupants of the disreputable locality known as "Racket store alley," was arraigned in Justice McGowan's Court yesterday, charged with keeping a disorderly house, but owing to the absence of witnesses the case was postponed until 12 o'clock today. The indictment is brought by a prominent white citizen and L. V. Grady, Esq., has been employed to prosecute the case.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mercer & Evans-Jenness Miller shoe.
Robert Portner Brewing Co.—Beer.
Fifth Ward—For Aldermen.
Third Ward—For Aldermen.
Second Ward—For Aldermen.
Palace Bakery—Only a few days.
Atlantic National Bank—Statement.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. R. Johnson, of Raleigh, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. C. F. Jones, of Charlotte, is a visitor in Wilmington.

— Mr. Leonidas Stanford, of Willard, was in the city yesterday.

—Mr. D. L. Farror, of Maple Hill, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Frank D. Jones, of Gulf, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. D. Sessoms, of Stedman, was in the city yesterday and made the STAR office a very pleasant call.

— Miss Eliza Faison, of Harrell's Store, is spending some time in the city the guest of friends and relatives.

—Mr. C. L. Stevens, of the Newbern *Journal* was a Wilmington visitor yesterday. He was registered at The Orton.

— Mr. R. M. Gretter, of Randolph county, is spending several days quite pleasantly in the city, the guest of his sister, Mrs. P. F. Duffy.

— Miss Mary Beverly French went to Lake Waccamaw yesterday afternoon. She will spend to-day and Sunday there the guest of Mrs. H. B. Short.

— Mr. J. H. Downman, a popular drummer representing Henry L. Hobart & Co., extensive molasses importers of New York, is in the city conferring with dealers.

—Mr. A. J. Johnson, of Taylor's Bridge, Sampson County, was one of the welcome visitors to Wilmington yesterday. He says there was quite a heavy fall of hail near Clear Run yesterday morning.

— Miss S. Blake Willsden, of Chicago, is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ida L. Craig and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Altaffer, at No. 105 North Seventh street. Miss Willsden attended the recent Mardi Gras at New Orleans.

— Mr. W. J. Wallace, who has been the guest of his brother, Mr. R. W. Wallace, at The Orton the past several days, left yesterday for his home at Argyle, Ga. He will be joined at Florence by his father who will spend some time with him at Argyle.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The House Spent the Whole Afternoon Discussing the School Law.

THE WILSONS REINSTATED.

Bill Passed House Authorizing Wilmington and New Hanover to Purchase Brunswick Ferry — Railways and "Jim Crow" Car Law.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 3.— Owing to the fact that members were kept up Thursday night until 3 o'clock deciding the Wilson case, neither House nor Senate met to-day till 11 o'clock.

Bills were introduced in the House: To allow laborers employed by the Legislature half mileage. To appoint justices of the peace for Lenoir county. To protect oysters in New Hanover.

A resolution was adopted that the election of Agricultural and Mechanical College trustees be held to-morrow.

The bill to appropriate $10,000 annually to the Soldiers' Home was made the special order for 11.30 to-morrow morning.

The following resolution was introduced by Johnson, of Sampson:

"*Resolved*, That the thanks of the House of Representatives are hereby tendered to Hon. H. G. Connor, for the able, impartial and dignified manner in which he has presided over this body during the session of 1899."

Johnson, in behalf of the Populist members, paid high tribute to the Speaker. He was followed by Petree, Republican, who said: "Speaker Connor had always been fair, just, kind and considerate." Petree said further that the conduct of the Democrats towards the Republican members had been uniformly kind, and that he had never known greater courtesy and consideration. Petree's remarks were heartily applauded.

Smith, of Craven, colored, paid further tribute to the Speaker, and said he knew when he voted for Judge Connor for Speaker he had done the proper thing, and that the speech of Petree showed that he had done the right thing in so voting.

Ray, who was in the chair, put the motion to adopt the resolution, and it was adopted unanimously.

The bill to establish the Western District Criminal Court came up. It is a supplemental bill and takes Haywood county out of the district, by providing that criminal cases shall be tried by the Superior Court. The Western Criminal Circuit is now composed of nine counties—Buncombe, Madison, McDowell, Forsyth, Burke, Henderson, Yancy, Surry and Caldwell. Later in the day Henry B. Stevens, of Asheville, was elected judge of this district.

Bill to establish the Eastern District Criminal Court was introduced and passed at once. It embraces the ten counties of Mecklenburg, Craven, Warren, New Hanover, Edgecombe, Robeson, Halifax, Cumberland and Wilson.

Bills passed: To regulate the sale of liquor at Battleboro. To increase by six the number of trustees of the negro Agricultural and Mechanical College, Greensboro. To allow Montgomery county to use part of special tax to build a bridge. To amend the charter of Cameron. To incorporate Moncure. To repeal the road law in Wilson county. To give railways until June 1st to get ready for the "Jim Crow" car law; that is, to make the act effective on that date. To allow the sale of liquor at Atlantic Hotel, Morehead City, during June, July, August and September. To provide a method for amending a charter granted by the Secretary of State. To regulate the taking of clams in Brunswick county. To restore notary public fees to one dollar. To authorize Wilmington and New Hanover county to purchase the Brunswick bridge and ferry. To promote the culture of shell-fish in Brunswick county. To amend the charter of Southport. To allow the labor commissioner to appoint his clerk.

C. C. Cherry, of Edgecomber was elected keeper of the Capitol. He was nominated by Moore, received 58 votes, and J. M. Burns (Populist) the present incumbent, received 14.

The House spent the whole afternoon considering the new school law. Only sixteen sections were adopted. There is much opposition to sections providing for township trustees.

Bills Passed Senate.

To regulate fire insurance and other companies. To repeal the railroad commission. To require the Secretary of State to publish 200 copies of the shell-fish law. To amend the law of 1877, with reference to the charter of the A. and N. C. railroad; this bill authorizes control by board of internal improvements, in the event directors of the road refuse to give control to the board recently appointed. To establish a graded school at Mount Olive. To establish a corporation committee.

The Wilsons, having last night been reinstated as railroad commissioners, to-day drew from the treasury $2,866 each, as back salary. The vote to reinstate stood: To reinstate Maj. J. W. Wilson, 82; against reinstating him, 56. For reinstating Otho Wilson, 74; against reinstating, 58.

There is great criticism of the Legislature for reinstating Otho Wilson.

— Mr. A. T. Parker, of Goldsboro, was in the city on business yesterday.

Drink Portner's Bock Beer, a specially fine article! †

IMPORTANT MEETING OF LABORERS' UNION.

Candidates for Aldermen Recommended for All Except Second Ward—Committee Reports—Large Attendance.

The White Laborers' Union held an important meeting last night, during which a number of matters of importance to that organization were acted upon, notably the endorsement of candidates for aldermen from the various wards of the city. The attendance upon the meeting was estimated at from 400 to 500. President Dowling presided and Secretary Marshall was at his desk.

The committee appointed to confer with certain employers with reference to the substitution of white for colored labor and to induce certain contractors to give jobs of house-painting to white men reported progress.

In the matter of inducing the county authorities to establish night schools for the benefit of minors who by reason of having to work could not take advantage of the public schools, the committee, composed of Messrs. Jno. R. Marshall, Vran Swann and Jno. C. Walton, made a report which was very gratifying to the Union. In connection with the report a letter from the county Board of Education was read stating that the Board was desirous of establishing such a school as soon as practicable, if not during this school year then probably next year, and asking that the Union ascertain as acurately as possible the number of people who would patronize such schools.

The committee first waited on the County Commissioners in reference to the schools and were referred to the Board of Education as the proper authorities, and the letter referred to was the result of a conference with the committee.

The last feature of business to engage the attention of the Union was the matter of recommending candidates for aldermen of the various wards of the city, except the Second Ward, the naming of whom was left to the Democratic Club, with the understanding that two leading merchants are to be selected. The recommendations from the other wards are as follows:

First Ward—Mr. Reuben Grant and Mr. Chas. H. Craig.

Third Ward—Mr. W. N. Harriss and Mr. B. Frank Boykin.

Fourth Ward—Mr. Jno. H. Hanby and Mr. W. E. Yopp.

Fifth Ward—Mr. Jno. C. Walton and Mr. John Bell.

The Union decided to hold meetings every night from now until the Democratic Primaries are held. All members and friends of the Union are urged to attend.

New Building on Princess Street.

Mr. G. M. Summerell has closed a contract with Mr. Richard J. Jones for the building of an office and store room just east of the old jail building on Princess street, which is now occupied by Brown's carriage shops. The new building will be of brick, two stories, and will be situated between the carriage shop and the livery stable apartment, on the site of a carriage store-room now located between these buildings. The lower floor of the new building will be occupied as a store-room and the second floor will be used for office apartments. It will have a frontage of nineteen feet and will be about thirty feet in length. The work of clearing away the old building preparatory to the erection of the new one will be commenced next week.

They Want A Sewer Placed.

There is much complaint about the condition of Dawson street between Second and Third. It is said to be a perfect cesspool for filth and miasma, so much so that the health of the poor people who reside thereabout is very materially impaired and deaths occur which are directly attributed to these conditions. Those interested in the well being of residents of that section insist that the authorities should place a sewer there before the Summer and thereby avert the germation and spread of infectious diseases. There is already a sewer just below this section of the street which can be connected.

The sanitary and street committess would do well to investigate these conditions.

Funeral of Miss Stokley.

The funeral of Miss Hester J. Stokley, whose death was announced in yesterday's STAR, was held from the residence of her brother, Mr. W. H. Stokley, on Wrightsville Sound yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell conducting the services.

The remains were brought to the city after the service at the residence on a special train over the Seacoast railroad and the interment was made in Oakdale cemetery. A number of friends from the city and from Wrightsville were in attendance at the funeral services, and the floral tributes were many and very pretty.

Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Classes.

The regular thrice-a-week practice of the gymnasium class of the Y. M. C. A. will beheld this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Secretary Caldwell is director of the class and meetings of the same are held on Monday, Thursday and Saturday evenings of each week. The boys' class meets twice a week; on Wednesday afternoons at 3:30 o'clock and on each Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. Neill S. McLaurin is instructor for the boys class.

THE BEST OF THE SEASON.

Interpretation of "Under the Red Robe" by William Morris Delighted a Large Audience.

The management of the Wilmington Opera House is to be congratulated upon the splendid success which attended the presentation of "Under The Red Robe," last night by Mr. William Morris and an unusually strong company of histrionic artists. There was a remarkably good audience despite the fact that the Lenten season prevented the attendence of many who would otherwise have patronized the play. And it is safe to say that it is the concensus of opinion that "Under the Red Robe," as interpreted by Mr. Morris and his excellent company, is by odds the best attraction brought here this season.

The play is admirably staged and throughout every act the spectators were held with the closest and most interested attention as the thread of Stanley Weyman's thrilling story as dramatized by Edward Rose was spun by the players showing how that "Dil De Berault's honor, rooted in dishonor, stood, and faith, unfaithful, kept him falsely true."

Mr. Morris, as *Dil De Berault*, and Miss Frances Gaunt, as *Renee de Cocheforet*, were accorded especial praise for their interpretation of the leading roles. Their support was all that could be desired. Space will not admit of detailed reference to the various players; but commendation is especially due Mr. Frank McGlynn, as *Richelleu*, Mr. H. S. Northrup, as *Henri de Cocheforet*, and Miss Margaret Kenmare, as *Madame de Cocheforet*. They were all thorough masters of their different roles.

Wilmington theatre-goers always appreciate really high-class attractions, and none has received higher commendation than "Under the Red Robe."

The British Guard Band under the direction of Lieut. Dan Godfrey will be the next attraction. The engagement is for the 16th inst., and will be the musical attraction of the season.

PREPARING FOR WORK.

Contractor Gatez Returns to Knoxville to Make Preliminary Arrangements for Erection of Masonic Temple.

Mr. D. Gatez, of Knoxville, Tenn., the successful bidder for the contract for the erection of the new Masonic Temple, who has been here the past several days guarding his interests in the matter of the opening of the bids by the building committee, has returned to Knoxville to make preliminary arrangements for commencing the work on the 15th inst. Mr. Hanna, his foreman, is here now arranging for certain material and preparing for the reception of appliances and workmen who will be brought from Knoxville. It is the purpose of the contractors to employ Wilmington laborers largely.

Mr. Gatez expects to file with the Temple Corporation Direotors a bond for $10,000 within a few days as a pledge of good faith in the fulfilment of the contract. As stated yesterday, the contract requires that work shall commence on the 15th inst. and that the temple be ready for occupancy not later than September 25th.

Carolina Ice Company.

The plant of the Carolina Ice Company on Dock street is being very much enlarged and improvements are otherwise being made in order to meet the demands of an increased Summer trade. Mr. W. H. Conklin, an expert machinist, of Chicago, is supervising the work, which has been in progress for nearly two weeks, and yesterday stated that he hoped to finish the work within the next few days. The increased capacity of the factory, when all improvements are perfected, will be about fourteen tons per day, nearly fifty per cent. larger than heretofore.

A STAR reporter was kindly shown over the building and machinery yesterday by Mr. J. M. Solky, one of the proprietors, and many new and up-to-date features in the manufacture of ice were noted. Mr. Solky says that already the demand for ice is beginning to increase and that within a few days his company will be better able than ever to promptly supply the demands of its customers.

Miss Foster's Appreciation.

Miss Norma Foster writes from the New England Conservatory of Music, at Boston, requesting the STAR to express to all who so kindly assisted in the Benefit Concert for her some time ago, her sincere and heartfelt thanks. She says:

"Words fail in our deepest emotions, but as music is a language of feelings and emotions, I hope someday to convey to you through the tones of the instrument you have aided me in studying, some expression of my appreciation."

Committed for Felonious Assault.

Wheeler Wilson and Charlie Cora, both colored, were committed to jail by Constable Sheehan yesterday on warrants charging the former with an attempt to commit a felonious assault and the latter with felonious assault. They will be tried by Justice McGowan this afternoon at 2 o'clock. L. V. Grady, Esq., will appear for the defendants. All the parties concerned are colored.

Call for Portner's Bock Beer, it is very fine and invigorating. †

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Selected by the Democratic Caucus. Franklin McNeill, of Wilmington, Chairman of the Board.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 3.—The Democratic caucus to-night selected the Railroad Commissioners, as follows: Frank McNeill, of Wilmington, chairman; Samuel L. Rogers, of Macon county, and E. C. Beddingfield, of Wake county. The contest was a long and spirited one, lasting from 8 o'clock till midnight.

After selecting the Railroad Commissioners, the caucus went into the election of a Commissioner of Agriculture at 1.30 o'clock. S. L. Patterson, of Caldwell, was chosen.

It is expected that the Legislature will adjourn next Tuesday morning.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice March 2d, 1899.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Maria Barnes, Leanner Gore, Mary Measal, Lucy May (2), Annie Pugh, Della Powell, Nancy Robinson, Ellen Reddisher, Alice Summerlin, Cassie Wilson, Julia Wolder.

MEN'S LIST.

Chas E Allen, Jackson Angerine, James Alston (col), Jas C. Bird, J W Brooks, John Bryant, Jno D. Brown, James Davis, Lewis Hines, W. Miller, Malchia Marshall, Liza McKoy, Josheseray Moore, Eddie Miller, Chas Partridge, Sam'l Pope, Bill Sawyer, James Taylor, Fred Williams, Geo Wilson, Gust Williams, Joshua Williams, James Woods, John Warlace, W M Walker, P M Greer, Stringfellow Bros.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE

Isaac, 82I E 8th St.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—39 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—11 bales cotton, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 106 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar, 31 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—3 casks spirits turpentine, 81 barrels rosin, 15 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—35 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine.

Steamer Oneida—16 bales cotton.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—6 bales cotton, 17 casks spirits turpentine, 38 barrels rosin, 140 barrels tar.

Steamer E. A. Hawes—9 casks spirits turpentine, 265 barrels rosin, 51 barrels tar.

Steamer Croesus—10 barrels tar.

Schooner J. D. Pigott—3 casks spirits turpentine, 38 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 120 bales; spirits turpentine, 41 casks; rosin, 528 barrels; tar, 252 barrels; crude turpentine, 31 barrels.

Charged With Burglary.

At a late hour last night Ed. Haywood, colored, was arrested by Constable Sheehan and Policeman Winner, charged with burglary, in that he broke into the store and sleeping apartment of "Doctor" Robt. Jones, an old negro man who resides and keeps a small shop on Princess street between Fourth and Fifth. The old man says that some one broke into his store about 10.30 o'clock last night, slipped into the room where he was asleep and stole $14 in cash from a tin box. A negro man whom the officers have notified to appear at the trial in the Mayor's Court to-day, claims that he saw Haywood break into the place. The case will be called for trial at the usual hour for holding the City Court.

Murder in Cumberland.

The Fayetteville *Observer* of Thursday says:

Carver's Creek township is greatly stirred up over a mysterious murder in that township. Coroner Caviness, of Hope Mills, was summoned there this morning and he passed through here at noon on his way to the seat of trouble to hold an inquest.

Yesterday the body of a young mulatto woman named Mary Eliza Blue was found in McKay's creek about 15 miles from Fayetteville with a shawl tied around the head, the skull of which was split open with some blunt instrument. Life had been extinct several days. The girl, who lived with a man named Jesse Ray, a well-to-do farmer, disappeared Monday and the finding of her body was the result of several days' search. Suspicion is attached to Ray, who, it is said, has himself disappeared.

Church Notices.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, pastor. Eleven A. M., "Fishers of Men." At 8 P. M., "The Young Woman."

The Seamen's Bethel: Regular religious services will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8.00 P. M. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7.30 P. M. Wednesdays. Public invited to all these services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sabbath School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M. All are cordially invited to these services.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.30 p. m.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. B. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Pastor, Rev. A. F. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 7 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Aldermen for Second Ward.

At the solicitation and recommendation of friends H. P. West and Wm. E. Springer are placed in nomination for Aldermen of the Second Ward, subject to Democratic primary. mar 4 tf

Aldermen for Fifth Ward.

At the solicitation and recommendation of friends J. M. McGowan and M. G. Tienken are placed in nomination for Aldermen of the Fifth Ward, subject to the Democratic primary. mar 4 1t

For Aldermen of Third Ward.

A large number of citizens of the Third Ward desire to announce as candidates for Aldermen the present incumbents, Messrs. Hugh MacRae and J. Allen Taylor.

We offer these names because they stand for an honest, upright and clean administration of city affairs. We can safely trust in their giving us a government which will be economical as well as progressive. They should be nominated because our people cannot afford to give any reason for the belief that they are inclined to repent of the action which made them Aldermen last November. mar 4 1t

"The Finest Ever Seen in Wilmington."

My line of Solid Brass and Genuine Enamel Beds.

Dressers, Washstands and Chiffoniers to match, in Mahogany, White Enamel, Antique and Golden Oak.

Sideboards, Hall Trees, Extension Tables, Combination Cases, China Cases, etc., in Golden Oak, Mahogany and Antique.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
fe 21 tf 17 South Front street.

MACKEREL.

Not the Cheapest, but without a doubt the Fattest No. 1 Larger Bloater

MACKEREL

in the city. You'll surely want one if you see them.

Just opened.

S. W. SANDERS,
ma 3 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

CANDIDATE.

TO THE PUBLIC:

Having been asked a number of times what I was a candidate for, I take this opportunity of answering. I am a candidate for the Insurance of the Public, promising if elected to protect their interest in every emergency. This promise guaranteed by Two Hundred and Sixty Million Dollars.

Respectfully,
ma 3 3t WALKER TAYLOR.

SPRING HAS ARRIVED,

SO

OUR FAMOUS BOCK BEER.

It Cures

That Tired Feeling.

Robt. Portner Brewing Co.
ma 4 2t

ONLY A FEW DAYS

LONGER AND WE WILL BE READY.

PALACE BAKERY.
ma 1 tf

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

"Jenness Miller" Hygienic Shoes For WOMEN!

WE are sole agents for Wilmington for these scientifically and anatomically perfect Shoes for women!

They fit the feet as nature intended!

They are as graceful and stylish as they are comfortable!

Will wear as long as any custom-made Shoes!

Try a pair and enjoy foot comfort!

Only $3.50.

MERCER & EVANS.
115 Princess street.
ma 4 3t sa tu th

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice of City Primary.

Notice is hereby given that a Primary Election will be held on Monday, 13th day of March, 1899, from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., at the places herein designated for the purpose of nominating Candidates of the Democratic party to be voted for at the ensuing Election, March 23rd, for two Aldermen from each of the respective Wards of the city and for Candidates for Mayor, Chief of Police and a City Executive Committee of two members from each Ward. In case a second Primary shall be found necessary the said second Primary shall be held, as herein provided for the first Primary, on Wednesday, March 15th, 1899.

Polling Places.

First Ward—Hose Reel House No. 10 (Boney bridge.

Second Ward—Old Court House.

Third Ward—Giblem Lodge.

Fourth Ward—Oldham's Store, Dock between Front and Water Streets.

Fifth Ward—Hook and Ladder House on Castle street.

Inspectors of Election.

First Ward—W. A. Wright, I. West, W. R. Middleton.

Second Ward—June Love, W. H. Styron, A. J. Hill.

Third Ward—C. D. Jacobs, E. W. Hewlett, W. L. Jacobs.

Fourth Ward—W. H. Lane, T. G. Pickett, J. B. Lippitt.

Fifth Ward—B. H. McKoy, H. L. Hewett, W. F. F. Newton.

Rules Governing Election.

All white men, who are qualified Electors and who will pledge themselves to support the Democratic nominees in the coming City Election, shall be entitled to vote in said Primaries.

Report of Primary Election to be made to the present City Democratic Executive Committee in writing at the City Hall together with ballots and poll lists and names of persons challenged and causes of challenged votes, whether received or rejected to or examined by said committee. Returns to be made as soon as possible after close of polls and not later than 6 o'clock A. M., March 14th, 1899.

Signed, by order Committee.

THOS. W. STRANGE,
Chairman City Democratic Executive Committee.

W. A. WRIGHT, Secretary.

This February 25th, 1899, A. D.

OFFICE OF CLERK AND TREASURER,
Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 28, 1899.

This is to certify that the above Notice of Primary and rules governing same, with list of polling places and inspectors of election are now on file in the office of City Clerk and Treasurer, in accordance with Act of Assembly. WM. STRUTHERS,
ma 1 3t Clerk and Treasurer.

Vollers & Hashagen.

PROVISIONS.

"Q" BRAND FLOUR

Has an immense sale. Try it and increase your business.

The sale of Cigars increases, and we still offer

Cuban Blossoms,
Renown,
Topical Twist.

If your trade languishes try any above brands and you will regain it.

Dealers in

HOG PRODUCTS, Canned Meats, Lard, &c.

fe 19 tf Nutt street, A. C. L. Crossing.

Tobacco and Cigars

115 Boxes Damaged Tobacco.
100 Caddys Schnapps.
50 Caddys Red Meat.
85 Boxes Big 4.
110 Caddys Rock Bottom.
35 Boxes Mahogany.
40 Boxes Honest Bill.
68 Caddys A Go.
140 Boxes Old Va. Cheroots.
100 Boxes Cigars.

Prices and terms cheerfully given.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
fe 26 tf Wilmington, N. C

New Livery Stables

In connection with my Sales Stables I will on March 1st, do a light livery business, and when you want the finest turnout that can be furnished in the way of Surry, Buggy or Trap, give me a call. A limited number of work horses will be taken to board and a

Full Stock of Horses and Mules

will be kept on sale. The business will receive my personal attention. I am too well known in the business to tell you how long I have been in it. Will leave to-night and return latter part of the week with new Horses for my Livery. A trial is all I ask. Respectfully,

F. T. MILLS,
Corner Second and Princess streets.
ma 1 tf

Seed Potatoes.

50 Barrels Aroostock county, Maine, Houlton Early Rose Potatoes.
50 Barrels Bliss Triumph.
50 Barrels Pride of the South.

All Eastern selected Seed Potatoes.

D. L. GORE.
ma 1 tf

Cash Paid for Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

26 cents per pound free on board cars or steamer

at Wilmington, in good sound packages

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
ma 3 2m Boston, Mass.

FOR MAYOR.

I am a candidate for Mayor of the City of Wilmington, and solicit the suffrages of the Democratic voters at the approaching Primary. I shall endeavor, if elected, to discharge the duties of the position with zeal and fidelity, and in a manner satisfactory to all good citizens. JOHN J. FOWLER.
ma 3 4t fr sa su 6t

For Sale.

OR WILL LEASE FOR A TERM of years, the Hotel at Carolina Beach. Special inducements to a party willing to invest a few hundred dollars on the property. Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
fe 26 tf Real Estate Agent.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless tney contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death. Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 4.

THE FILIPINOS.

A couple days ago we published an editorial containing extracts from an official report of Gen. Greene, and a statement of Gen. Whittier, both of whom were in the Philippines, showing what the Filipinos did and the services they rendered our troops in capturing Manila. We published these because an effort is now being made to belittle the Filipinos, to make it appear that they are a trifling race who do not amount to much as soldiers, and that the task of compelling them to submit to the authority of the United States will be a very easy one. The men who are engaged in this species of deception are doing a gross injustice the American people for the purpose of smothering opposition to the expansion schemes they have planned, which have already cost this country a good many lives, and will cost many more if the imperialists persist in their course. It is due to the American people that there should be no deception in this matter, that they should know something about the people upon whom they are asked to make war, and that they should fully understand the situation, and have some idea as to the task by which they are confronted, for then they will go into the conflict with open eyes and better prepared for it.

A late number of the Baltimore *Sun* contains an interview with Passed Assistant Engineer Frederick W. Baker, of the United States Monitor Monterey, who had just returned from Manila to his home in Baltimore, which gives some interesting information about these people and throws some light on the situation on the island of Luzon. He said:

"I started for home on December 25 and even then every one in the navy there knew this trouble was coming. The simple fact is that those people do not want us to govern them or have anything to do with their islands. They look upon Americans as invaders and want to run their country by themselves and in their own way.

"It is ridiculous to speak of the Filipinos as being a race altogether of savages, ignorant and helpless. They have an upper class, just as any other race, composed of brainy men, who wear European dress and have European ideas. Of course many of the people are ignorant and a number of different factions exist, which fact prevents Aguinaldo from having supreme control over the islands. There is a class whose one idea is to kill every white man in sight and rid the island of them all. Others are not so bloodthirsty and advocate more peaceable measures. None want to give up their island.

"They are a small people physically, but are intensely patriotic and can fight. For weeks before I left they had been arming themselves, guns and ammunition being brought from Hong Kong. We captured a filibuster ourselves, with a lot of guns and things on board, intended for Aguinaldo's forces.

"When I came away the situation was like this: Dewey's ships, including the Monterey, were lying off Cavite, where a navy yard has been established and where work is being done in fitting up the launches with guns. Our troops were in possession of the walled towns of Manila and Cavite, with our lines extended out probably four or five miles beyond either. There was a lot of sickness among the troops, especially from smallpox and typhoid fever, but they were learning to take care of themselves and things were getting better. But outside of these places, that is beyond our lines, an American could not go, as Aguinaldo's line of little soldiers, in their linen uniforms and their entrenchments, were everywhere.

"People talk of conquering the Philippines, and yet this shows what a really insecure foothold we have over there and what an entirely insignificant part of the island is in our possession. Why, if it were not for the presence of Dewey and his ships, whose guns could sweep the garrisoned towns, those fellows could push the Americans right off the island. It is impossible to get back into the country, as the moment you try it you encounter one of these little soldiers, who presents his gun and tells you that Aguinaldo's orders are that no one can go through the lines.

"One expedition, composed of a paymaster and a naval cadet, did go through on a pass from Aguinaldo some time ago and had an awful lot of trouble. They were gone forty days and were subjected to all kinds of indignities, such as being held up and searched, questioned and requestioned by the Filipino soldiers.

"To show you how matters were, here is an incident that happened at Cavite. We had a lot of natives working in the shipyard and were paying them well. One night the boss mechanic was kidnapped and taken back into the country. The next night another of the American men was carried off. Nothing was ever heard of them. We could not prove they had been abducted. No official action was taken, and although we searched everywhere possible could not get through their lines into the country.

"Down on the island where we have a hospital and where two companies of a Pennsylvania regiment were a lot of Filipino soldiers were encamped almost alongside. That was the way it was everywhere. The Filipinos were massed right alongside of our men and appeared to be watching them.

"I never saw Aguinaldo, as he did not visit the navy. You see, he is afraid of Admiral Dewey, and Dewey don't like him He wouldn't do what Dewey wanted, and the Admiral simply refused thereafter to have anything to do with him. I remember when our consul there, Mr. Williams, had arranged to give a big dinner party and had invited Dewey, the captains of all the ships, the army generals and other military people, that when Dewey discovered that Aguinaldo also was invited, he sent a regret that he could not come and all the other naval officers did the same. The result was that Mr. Williams told Aguinaldo that he had better not come himself. The dinner came off all right after that and Dewey was present.

"The people in Manila and Cavite, when I left, were in a state of excitement. No work was being done and they were cock-fighting, dancing and generally keeping things going. Their army is not paid, but is supported through the patriotism of the people. For instance, a Filipino soldier can go into any house and the very best in the place is given him willingly

"From what I have read, since I left, I believe our lines have been extended somewhat, but not much. I hardly think we could ever conquer the whole country, for as fast as you push back the insurgents, unless you have an army there to hold the position, they will come right back.

"They could, I thing, be bluffed into accepting a sort of protectorate government, in which all of the minor offices and positions be filed by themselves, with this country as a protector. Even then there would be trouble. The country is not a nice place to live in. It is two beastly hot for a white man and it is almost impossible to work there."

The general impression is that the Filipinos are a simple minded people, "half savage," "half devil and half child," who are totally unfit for anything like self government, which is possibly true if by self government is meant the sort of self government we have in this country. But the fact is there are almost as many kinds of people in those islands as there are islands, the people of no two islands being exactly alike. This will make the task of self government a very difficult one and would make our successful government of them a very difficult task, too. But there are in those islands different classes of people just as there are in Cuba and in Porto Rico. There are the mixture of races there and there are the Spanish bloods mingled with the native tribes, and there are people there who have had advantages of education and travel, plenty of them, and it is those who are to-day in the lead in opposition to the demands of the United States as they were in the uprising against Spain.

This interview shows that and also that these people are a brave people, and it shows more, that they are so much in earnest that they do not expect pay for the services they render, and that wherever they go the fighting men have a cordial welcome and the best the people have to offer, without price. It goes without saying that the subjugation of such a people will be no easy task, and that they who think it will be have no just conception of the size of the job we have undertaken.

DAY KNOCKED OUT.

Capt. Day is having a pretty tough job in trying to hold his grip on the Penitentiary. He refused to surrender and got knocked out on the first round, as we learn from the following, which we clip from the Raleigh *News and Observer* of Friday:

"The outcome of the suits against Capt. W. H. Day by the new board of directors for the possession of the State's prison is awaited with a great deal of interest. These suits were entered on the 17th ult., and argued before Judge Brown at chambers on the 27th inst.

"Yesterday Judge Brown filed his opinion which was in favor of the board. He decided in favor of the validity of the oct of the Legislature of January 26, 1899.

The defendant, Capt. Day, took an appeal to the Supreme court, waiving notice and the case is expected to be gresented on by the present setting of the Supreme court.

The following is Judge Brown's opinion:

"This cause came on to be heard upon the pleadings. Plaintiffs and defendants moved for judgment.

"The court, having given the matter as careful consideration as under the circumstances was possible, finds the following conclusions of law. That the office of Superintendent of the penitentiary created by Act of 1897, has been abolished by the Act of January 26th, 1899.

That said office has not been substantially re-established in another form, nor has its emoluments powers and duties been conferred on others for the purpose of ousting the defendant.

"That by the Act of January 26, 1899, the General Assembly has made a radical change in the method of managing and conducting the penal institution of the State, which it was clearly within the scope and power of the legislative department to do.

"That said Act creates a corporation with all necessary and sufficient powers to carry into effect the purposes of the Act.

"These findings cover the points discussed.

"It is therefore ordered and adjudged that the plaintiffs are entitled to the possession and custody and control of the State's Prison, the convicts therein and to all the property and accessories belonging thereto.

"G. H. BROWN, Judge.

"The defendant appeals to Supreme Court; notice waived. Bond fixed at $25. BROWN, Judge."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SENATOR FORAKER'S AMENDMENT.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, has offered the following, looking to the evacuation of Cuba, as an amendment to the army appropriation bill:

"That no further franchises or concessions of any kind whatever shall be granted by the United States, or by any authority whatever for which the United States is responsible in the island of Cuba, during the occupation thereof by the United States; and, provided, further, that the pacification of the island of Cuba having been accomplished, the President is hereby authorized to withdraw the military forces of the United States therefrom, and leave the government and control of the island to its people."

In substance this is, as to Cuba, virtually the same as the resolution passed by that caucus of Democratic members of Congress in reference to the Philippines, the only difference in the two cases being that we are pledged by declaration to retire from Cuba as soon as a stable government is established while we are not pledged by positive declaration to evacuate the Philippines.

As we see it this is a very appropriate proviso, for the Cubans are becoming very restive under our prolonged occupation of the island, and our troops are becoming very tired of doing police duty. The Cubans have an idea that they are too much ignored and that the presence of so many American troops is not so much to preserve the peace and assist in establishing a stable government as it is to strengthen the grip of this country on Cuba, and hence we find the suggestion coming, according to report, from Gen. Gomez, that 10,000 of the U. S. troops be withdrawn and their places be taken by an equal number of Cubans, and the further suggestion coming from prominent Cubans, that the U. S. forces should be pulled out by the first of July.

Whether Senator Foraker has had any inside view of the concession business or not we do not know, but he is doubtless convinced that this business has been carried far enough, if not too far, and that parties inside of the circle have a pull on the concessions, which must pass under the inspection of the U. S. War Department, presided over by a boss speculator, Gen. Alger, before they became effective. Some idea of the extent to which this business has been carried may be formed from the statement that there are now pending in Washington applications for concessions aggregating $80,000,000.

It is not surprising, under the circumstances, that the Cubans are becoming restive and are showing a disposition to have something to say about the management of their affairs.

IRRIGATION IN THE ARID REGIONS.

There are vast tracts of land in the West which are put down on the maps as arid lands, practically worthless, but it has been discovered that these so called "arid lands," when properly irrigated become immensely productive and valuable. Some of the best lands in Southern California, which now produce marvelous crops of fruits, vegetables and grain, are these same arid lands, now made productive by irrigating systems. And thus, where it is practicable, millions of acres of these lands will be reclaimed. Mr. Edmunds, of the Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record*, who recently in company with Mr. John E. Searles, made a tour of the West thus, in a letter to the Baltimore *Sun*, refers to one of these enterprises in Colorado:

"From Colorado Springs we went down to Holly, Prowers county, Col., to investigate the greatest irrigation enterprise in this country, and one well fitted to rank alongside of governmental irrigation work in Egypt and India. In that part of Colorado generally known as the arid region agriculture without irrigation is practically impossible, but with good irrigation the land blossoms like the rose and property worth a dollar or two an acre before the introduction of irrigation advances to $25, $50 and $100 an acre when once a good and permanent system of irrigation has been developed To tell you of the yield of fruits, vegetables and grain on irrigated land around Holly, even if supported by affidavits, might test my reputation for veracity. Presuming that my reputation in that direction is moderately fair, I do not want to put it to the straining point. Even though Mark Twain declares, 'Be good and you will be lonely,' I prefer to hold on to the claim for truthfulness.

"But coming back to Holly and its irrigation interests. Several years ago Mr. Searles and three New York friends undertook the reorganization of a small irrigation enterprise which had failed before its work was well under way. They bought it out and then concluded to enlarge its scope on a scale commensurate with the advantages of the country. What they have done deserves to rank as one of the greatest enterprises of the day. They purchased about 150,000 acres of land in what is known as the Arkansas Valley of Colorado, and though it is really the valley of the Arkansas river, it has an average elevation of about 3,000 feet above the sea level and stretches out for miles in an almost unbroken plain nearly as flat as the prairies of Texas.

"Realizing that the safety of irrigation depends upon an unfailing supply of water, and that sometimes the river might be too low to furnish enough to meet the needs of farmers, they determined to introduce the storage reservoir system. While this is very costly it insures a regular water supply, and thus adds largely to the value of the land. After full investigation they found some natural basins above their property and, securing this land, undertook to develop what is probably the most extensive reservoir system ever built for any private enterprise in this country or abroad. Their reservoirs now cover 14,000 acres of ground and in some places there is an extreme depth of 90 feet of water. In the winter time the overflow from the river and the melted snow from the distant mountains are turned into the reservoirs, thus furnishing a full supply of water for an entire year if the river should be low. These reservoirs will carry a reserve supply sufficient to cover with water 180,000 acres of land one foot deep. You can figure this out in gallons if your fancy runs that way.

On the property the company has 350 miles of canals spendidly built and head gates and dams constructed as though intended to last until Gabriel blows his horn. There are also 160 miles of telephone line.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Fair Bluff *Times*: The farmers say that the continued wet weather is going to throw them back for weeks in their farming operations.

—Charlotte *News*: The origin of Charlotte's largest and most destructive conflagration is a matter of doubt. There is some evidence of incendiarism.

— Weldon *News*: Farmers all complain of being much behind with their work. —— The Weldon Cotton Manufacturing Company has broken ground for their new cotton mill at this place.

— Lenoir *Topic*: An aged white women, Vina Clippard, who lived in the Brushy Mountains in King's Creek township, was burned up in her cabin last Friday. She was perhaps 70 years of age and lived alone.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* Thursday morning the body of a dead negro man was found in a clump of bushes, by some boys, on a sand-bar in the middle Crabtree creek, at a point about three hundred yards below Whitaker's mill. The body was in a state of decomposition and was partly covered with sand. It had evidently been washed to its position by the recent freshets and must have been there for a number of days. The body is supposed to be that of a half witted negro named Tom Harris, of this city.

— Sanford *Express*: The *Express* is told that a great many of the farmers in this section will plant tobacco this year. —— Col. John T. Patrick tells The Southern Cotton, Grain and Tobacco Reporter that nearly 450 families have settled along the Seaboard Air Line during the past year, and that they brought with them and aggregate of about $1,000,000 in hard cash to begin life on in the South. ——A shooting scrape occurred here last Saturday night between two negroes one killing the other almost instantly. About two weeks ago Chas. Jones, a negro about 18 years of age came here from Greensboro. He had been here but a short time when he became involved in a quarrel with Gus Cotton, who is employed at one of the livery stables here, over a negro woman and threats were made. They met near the Sanford Sash and Blind Factory Saturday night about 11 o'clock when Jones shot at Cotton missing him, Cotton returned the shot with a 38 caliber pistol hitting Jones in the abdomen. Some five or six shots were exchanged but only one took effect.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Our advice to Mr. McKinley is to get out of the war business as quickly as possible. If it were going on close at home, the effect would be different; but the people will soon grow disgusted with the over-sea affair.—*Alanta Constitution, Dem.*

—— There is no war going on in the West Indies now, but the time is rapidly approaching when the American occupation will be quite as dangerous as it was when our soldiers had to look into the muzzles of Spanish guns. The deadly climate is the one unanswerable argument for haste in establishing Cuban rule in Cuba. — *Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— It is becoming more and more apparent that Alger must go. The Republican politicians are turning against him. It is said that the leaders of the party have even begun to point out to the President that his retention of Alger threatens the success of the party in next years political campaign. They have ample warrant for this course in the plainly expressed sentiment of the country, and if they can make the President see the situation in the proper light, there will be but one course to pursue—Alger must be dismissed.— *Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Hy Church—"Is your new minister an intellectual man?" Luke Warme—"Very: he's been tried twice for heresy and thinks the saloon is a necessity."—*Puck.*

——"I have heard", said the mother," that your husband is a sad gambler." "No, mamma," answered the bride. "It is the other men who are sad."—Tit-Bits.

—— Customer—"Have you something suitable for sleeping robes?" Bright Salesman—"How would this do, ma'am? You will notice that it's heavy nap?"—*Boston Transcript.*

— "Who are all those men I have seen calling on you lately, Smith?" "Oh, they're gentlemen of the press." "You don't say." "Yes; my creditors "—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— A Natural Query: The Lady "So you are a hero of the late war, eh?" The Tramp—"Yes, ma'am!" The Lady—"Well, what have you done with the money you received for your magazine articles?"—*Puck.*

— Bill—"How about that Sound steamer?" Jill—"I guess she's all right. There's a rumor ashore that she's afloat." Bill—"That's good; I heard there was a rumor afloat that she was ashore."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— "Yes, sir," said the quiet man, "we want the army reorganized." "You think we ought to have more soldiers?" "I haven't studied the question that far. But, from some of the remarks that have passed, I don't hesitate to conclude that we need more chaplains."—*Washington Star.*

— "Well, there's the greatest case I ever saw or heard of in my life," said a Chicago bicycle seller, the other day, as a tramp turned away and walked out of the store. "What about him?" he was asked. "This fellow had the nerve to ask me for ten cents to get his wash out of the laundry "—*Chicago News.*

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SOLDIERS IN CHINA.

QUEER METHODS WHICH MAKE THEM WORTHLESS AS FIGHTERS.

To Become a Soldier Is to Lose Caste, and Good Men Are Not Used For Warriors. Crazy Tactics In the War With Japan. Pepper Versus Bullets.

Major A. E. J. Cavendish, First Argyll and Sutherland highlanders, D. A. A. G., Dublin district (late military attache with the Chinese army), writing in The Journal of the United Service Institution, says that in many respects the army of China presents a curious example of the survival of the unfittest. In the broad outlines its scheme is simple and suited to the country. Nevertheless, with the characteristic Chinese love of detail, in its minutiæ, it is exceeding complex. Owing to an equally characteristic want of exactitude, although returns as rendered by separate accountants are often beautifully worked out to the thousandth part of a tael, yet in a combination of these returns nothing balances.

For members of parliament who cavil at the intricacies of the British estimates I can imagine no worse punishment in the future life than to be set by satan to unravel the mysteries of the Chinese military budget. Every province has its separate "army," for which the viceroy or governor is responsible, and in 14 of these it consists of Tartar and Chinese soldiers in certain fixed proportions. Any deficiencies in the military budgets of the poorer provinces are met by contributions from the central provinces, "the belly of China." Grouping all these "armies" together, the troops fall into four great categories—namely, (1) Tartar soldiers or banner men; (2) green regiments or Chinese territorial force; (3) fighting braves; (4) disciplined troops.

The writer gives an interesting account of these forces, and proceeding to general remarks, says: Much of the utter inefficiency of China's army is explained by the native saying, "Do not use good steel to make a nail nor take a good man to make a soldier," which is most thoroughly acted up to. The "absence of nerves" and the animal ferocity of the Chinaman admirably adapt him for the deliberate extermination which characterizes the suppression of a revolt, but in real courage the abnegation of self under danger, he is woefully deficient. He will do much for pay, he will fight when his rage is aroused, but his passion, violent as a typhoon, as quickly passes away. On almost every occasion in 1894-5 the Chinese troops refused to stand up to the despised Japanese. Small wonder, when of the hundreds of thousands who since 1863 have been "drilled" with foreign weapons, not one in 50,000 has been taught their proper use. Musketry and artillery practice is limited generally to handling the weapons, and instruction in the use of rifles and field guns is not thought necessary—nay, it is opposed. In January, 1895, several thousands of men had been collected at Shanhai-Kuan, under General Wuta-cheng, to re-enforce the army in Manchuria. New rifles and field guns had been served out, and the force was to move early in February, yet on Jan. 20 the men fired their rifles for the first time, and barely 1 per cent of hits on a target 200 yards distant ensued. As for the guns, not a soul knew how to load them or set a fuse, and when at length one was fired with the aid of the foreigners present, the ammunition was so defective that, although the gun was laid for 3,000 yards, the shell only traveled 350. Yet these men were sent north to fight at Tien-sing-tai without further training, instruction by a foreigner having been haughtily refused.

To be a soldier is to lose caste in China, to imbibe foreign notions is worse still and incurs the hatred and suspicion of the civilians, who in reality govern the army and navy, so much so that to be a graduate of the foreign schools is an almost certain bar to promotion. In the military and other schools established by Sir Robert Hart and the viceroys at Peking and elsewhere the students have to be bribed to attend, so as to compensate them for the social disadvantages of foreign education. If we add to this the natural contempt for foreigners ingrained in the Chinese nature, we have potent causes for the willful laziness and ignorance of officers, which is truly appalling. Alas, that they should add cowardice as well!

The commander in chief at Shan-hai-Kuan told me he did not believe in musketry instruction for all. It was quite sufficient to have ten good shots in each "ying" to pick off the Japanese officers. His other theory was that the troops were defeated because they fought hungry, in which he was partially right. His remedy was to draw up his men in five lines. The first would fight for two hours, and then retire to dinner, the second line, having meanwhile dined, would take its place, and so on. Thus he would get ten hours' fighting, and every one would be fed.

A general near there, being ordered to keep a sharp lookout for the Japanese, whose landing was hourly expected, did so by asking the railway station master to send two coolies to the coast to look for the enemy! His was the plan of arming his men with bags of pepper to be thrown in the faces of the Japanese, who while engaged in sneezing would all be slain by the Chinese spearmen!

It seems a libel on the human race to say that out of the manhood of 300,000,000 of Chinese a body of good soldiers cannot be made, and with the example of the army which has been evolved from the Egyptian fellaheen it may be premature to call it impossible. But China herself cannot do it. The very best human material and the most elaborate instruction would be wasted under the existing native official, who steadily resists all reform in his maladministration. Nevertheless the docile soldiers and sailors of China have never yet had a chance of showing under proper management what are their real capabilities. Should they under European tutelage ever prove themselves in any numbers to be of real military value, the "Yellow Terror" may not be a mere figment of the superheated brain.—London Globe.

One on Richard Harding Davis.

R. H. Russell, the publisher of C. Dana Gibson's art books, was invited to a tea in Richard H. Davis' apartments some time ago. He managed to drop in before the throng, and as he was gazing on the various curiosities scattered in profusion about the room his eye fell upon a calendar, conspicuously displayed, which was crowded with an obtrusive array of memoranda of teas, receptions, dinners, etc. On one evening there was this modest entry, "To dine with Russell."

To say that Russell was surprised is to put it mildly. He recognized in this entry a little device of Davis to fill up his calendar for himself if others would not do it for him. He kept his own counsel, however, and when Davis disappeared from the room for a moment he quietly turned to the pages of the calendar and against one of the evenings of the following week he placed this entry: "Invited Russell to dinner. Russell accepts."—New York Sun.

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT.

ELY'S CREAM BALM has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

ELY'S CREAM BALM works like a charm; it has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head; I would not be without it.—Fred Fries, 283 Hart street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

A 10c. trial size or the 50c. size of Ely's Cream Balm will be mailed. Kept by druggists. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street. New York. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PHOTOGRAPHING A MONKEY.

He Is the Hardest of All Brutes to Get Before the Camera.

"One of the most difficult brutes to photograph is the monkey," said a man in New York who makes a business of taking the pictures of all sorts of animals and birds. "You may try as much as you like, but you will never succeed in making a monkey look straight into the center of a camera for even a second. Its glance always shifts off to one side or the other. Nor will it ever catch your eye full or fix its own upon yours, and I have come to the conclusion that a monkey cannot look at a camera any more than it can look a human being in the face.

"Take a dog's head in your two hands and look into its eyes. The beast will return your gaze, not for long perhaps, for the contemplation of human intelligence distresses all animals. But it is not so with the monkey. Hold its head as patiently as you please between your hands, and it will cast its eyes up to the ceiling and keep on winking or cast them down to the floor as if asleep or twist them around in a most absurd fashion to look over one side or the other, but never, even in passing by it, will it catch yours.

"Why is this? I don't know, unless it is that the animal has some secret regarding our own origin that it does not wish us to find out. However, if they are bashful, they are very inquisitive, and if I were to leave my camera unguarded for ten minutes in a cage containing a dozen monkeys half the family would be busy taking photographs of the other half."—Washington Star.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 20
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	49	@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	48
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay	50	@	75
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¾
White Extra C	5	@	5¾
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Interior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	5 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	18

JOHNSON'S
Great Sale Continues.
Entire Stock
Don't Miss
This Chance for
Splendid Bargains.
No. 111 Market Street.
fe 26 tf

HORSES, MULES.

I have just received a fresh supply of stock—the best that can be offered on any market—including some extra fine drivers and saddlers. Also, a lot of second-hand stock that will be sold at a very low price. All stock guaranteed as represented or money refunded

L. W. BATES,
Water street, Mills' old stand
fe 7 tf

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 44½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 44 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.40 for Dip, and $2.40 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 37@36¼c; rosin firm at $1.25, $1.30; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm at $1.50, $2.00, $2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	41
Rosin	528
Tar	252
Crude turpentine	31

Receipts same day last year.—41 casks spirits turpentine, 388 bbls rosin, 357 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 6 cents per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3	9-16 cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4	15-16	" "
Low Middling	5	9-16	" "
Middling	6		" "
Good Middling	6	5-16	" "

Same day last year middling 5⅞c.

Receipts—120 bales; same day last year, 355.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 55 to 60c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra prime 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c.

CORN—Firm; 53 to 55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 12 to 13c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Money on call was firm at 2½@4½ per cent., last loan being at 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼@486¼ for demand and 483⅛@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 483. Silver certificates were nominal at 59½@60¼. Bar silver 59⅝. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. 3's, 107½; U. S. new 4's, registered, 128¾@128⅞; do. coupon, 128¾@128

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.

September Mullets.

se 1 tf

Send Us Your Orders

For Fresh

Cakes and Crackers, Cheese,

New Catch Mullets.

ALSO, MEAT, MEAL, MOLASSES, FLOUR, SUGAR, COFFEE, &c.

And we will fill at Bottom Prices.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina

R. R. P. Oats

tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.

Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 12 tf

At Night!

You can't get a Doctor every time you want him, and some times you can't get in a Drug Store. So save yourselves all this bother and worry and purchase to-day a bottle of

Pyxis Croup Remedy, 35 cts.

Most drug stores keep it.

James D. Nutt, Proprietor.

de 17 tf

Seed and Fertilizers.

R. P. AND WHITE OATS.

Early Ohio, Houlton Rose and Early Rose Potatoes.

Kainit, High Grade Acid Phosphate, Dissolved Bone and other Guanos. Get the best.

HALL & PEARSALL,

fe 2 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

For Sale.

One Soda Water Fountain.

Tuft's make, Boston, Mass., known as "Magnolia."

Original cost, ... $1,200
Five charges, copper, original cost $40 each 200

Total cost $1,500

Will sell the entire outfit at a sacrifice! Rare Bargain. All in Good Order.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

fe 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

BIG G Trade Mark

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price 50 Cents

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request

CITY'S NEW CHARTER

Text of the Measure As It Finally Passed the General Assembly.

LAW AS TO THE PRIMARIES.

Mayor, Aldermen, Chief of Police and Executive Committeemen Only to be Voted For—Other Officers to be Chosen by Aldermen.

AN ACT TO BE ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF WILMINGTON."

The General Assembly of North Carolina Do Enact:

SECTION 1. That an Act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington," ratified the 9th day of March, A. D., 1895, and also an Act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington," ratified the 5th day of March, A. D., 1897, be and they are hereby repealed, and all laws and clauses of laws concerning the City of Wilmington existing at the time of the ratification of the Act of March 9th, 1895, are hereby declared to be in full force and effect, except so far as they are amended by this Act.

SEC. 2. That the election of Aldermen shall be held according to the Charter of the City of Wilmington and the Acts Amendatory thereto, except that the registration books may be open for only ten days previous to the election.

SEC. 3. No member of the Board of Aldermen shall be eligible to the office of Mayor, or other city office or employment, until the expiration of the term for which such Alderman may have been elected or appointed.

SEC. 4. The Mayor of the City shall receive a salary in lieu of any and all other compensation, to be fixed by the Board of Audit and Finance, of not less than Twelve Hundred Dollars, nor more than Two Thousand Dollars per annum, which salary shall not be diminished during his term of office.

SEC. 5. No person arrested by the City Police for a violation of the laws of North Carolina or the ordinances of the City shall be brought before any other person than the Mayor for trial or submission, except upon the usual affidavit for removal now provided by law.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Mayor to have all persons who are tramps or vagrants, as defined by the laws of North Carolina, brought before him and to notify such tramps or vagrants to find employment within twenty-four hours or leave the city; and, upon failure or refusal to do so within said time, to arrest and put them to work on the streets or other city property for a period not exceeding thirty days.

SEC. 7. The terms of the City Attorney and the City Clerk and Treasurer shall be for two years, beginning on the first Monday in April of each year in which the new Board of Aldermen are to be elected under existing laws, and shall not be removed except for cause.

SEC. 8. That Jesse Wilder, C. W. Yates, S. P. McNair, H. C. McQueen and W. A. Riach be and they are hereby appointed members of the Board of Audit and Finance, whose terms shall commence upon the expiration of the term of the members of the present Board, and shall continue for two years and until their successors are appointed.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

SEC. 9. That whenever the executive committee of any political party of citizens in the City of Wilmington decide to take by primary election the sense of the members of the said party as to the proper person or persons to be presented on behalf of that party to the voters of the city at an election to be held in the city, under the laws of this State, for the election of Aldermen in the several wards of the city, and as to the proper persons to be presented to the Board of Aldermen as the candidates of that party for the offices of Mayor and Chief of Police, and for the selection of the members of the city executive committee of such party, the said committee shall file a notice of the primary, with such rules for its conduct as it may adopt, not inconsistent with this act, with the City Clerk and Treasurer of said city, at least ten days before the time designated for the holding of said primary. Such notice and rules shall be signed by the chairman or acting chairman and attested by the secretary of said executive committee, and by them certified under oath to be true and correct copies of the originals adopted by a majority of said committee. Said notice shall state the places where the voters belonging to that party are requested to cast their votes for the candidates as herein stated; and there shall be only one such place designated for each ward of the city; and the day on which such primary election is to be held—not less than ten days before the city election and the hours within which it is to be held and the names of the inspectors appointed to hold such primary election and receive the votes that may be cast thereat and make report and return thereof, and the time, when such return and report shall be made to the committee directing such primary election to be held; and, also, the date at which a second primary shall be held, as hereinafter provided, in cases where no one person voted for shall have received a majority vote of those cast at the first primary. On the filing of the said notice, and, if the said committee shall have adopted rules for the conduct of said primary, upon the filing of said rules, as provided, with the city clerk and treasurer, the said officer shall immediately cause the same to be copied in a book to be kept and preserved in his office for that purpose and the said notice and rules to be published in three issues each of at least two, or more in his discretion, of the daily newspapers published in said city, under his certificate that the same were filed in his office and the primary called pursuant thereto.

SEC. 10. That no person can vote or take part in the proceedings of any primary election who is not by the laws of the State a lawful elector at the time such primary election is held.

SEC. 11. That the executive committee appointing the inspectors to hold such primary election may declare the terms and conditions on which legal electors offering to vote at such election shall be regarded and taken as proper members of the party at whose instance or in whose interest such primary election has been called or may be held, and therefore entitled to vote at such election as a member of that party, and to provide rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this act, for the conduct of such primary. And upon the filing and publication of said rules and regulations, as hereinbefore provided, any person who shall knowingly and willfully violate or attempt to violate the same shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned in the discretion of the court trying the same; provided, that the rule or regulation so violated or attempted to be violated be not inconsistent with the provisions of this act or the law of the State. And the record of the said rules and regulations in the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer shall be received in any court of this State as the evidence of the primary rules and regulations adopted by said party.

SEC. 12. That any recognized member of the party in whose interest such election is held may challenge the right of any person offering to vote at such election and the inspectors there authorized to hold, and holding, such election shall determine on the evidence then furnished whether the person so offering is entitled to vote at such election, and shall receive or reject such votes so offered as to them the evidence for or against the right of the persons so offering to vote shall reasonably warrant.

SEC. 13. That the polls shall be open for such primary elections from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., and all votes shall be by ballot. The report to the committee so directing such primary elections by the officers holding the same, shall be in writing, with which the original ballots shall be returned and the poll list of the voters made at the time of the voting and the reasons on which any challenged vote was received or rejected. Said committee shall carefully examine the returns and reports so made and thereupon decide who are the persons that have been chosen by the majority vote cast in the primary election, and as candidates of the party for the office of aldermen at the approaching election; and such of the executive offices of the city to be voted for by the aldermen then to be elected as are mentioned in Section 9. The majority vote in a ward shall determine the result in that ward as to the persons to be the candidates of the party in that ward for aldermen and the committeemen from the ward to serve on the party's city executive committee. The majority of the aggregate vote cast in all the wards shall determine who shall be the party's candidates for Mayor and such other of the officials as are mentioned in Section 9. The said committee shall without delay publish in at least one issue each of two daily newspapers published in said city the tabulated statement of the result of the primary and declare who shall have been nominated and for what office, and also for what offices by reason of no person having received a majority of the vote cast there has been a failure to nominate. Thereupon, the second primary shall be held, as may be necessary because of the failure to nominate at the time designated in the first notice, and by the same inspectors appointed to hold the first primary, no other than the first notice being necessary; and at such primary only the two persons who shall have been voted for and received the highest and next highest vote in the first primary for candidates for a particular office shall be voted for in the second primary for that office; unless, either of those shall publicly withdraw by letter addressed to the said committee, in which event the third highest shall be then substituted for the person so withdrawing, or the fourth highest; and so on, if the persons voted for in the first and entitled to be voted for in the second primary shall in said manner withdraw. And the vote shall be canvassed and the result declared in the same manner as herein provided for the first primary.

SEC. 14. That except as herein provided all elections at primary elections under this act shall be regulated by the election law of the said city in force at the time such primary election is held as nearly as the same can be done.

SEC. 15. That if any person who is not entitled to vote under this act shall vote at any primary election held hereunder, or vote more than once, or personate another person, or in any name other than his own legal name, or in any manner disturb the orderly proceedings of any such election, or intimidate, or in any manner attempt to intimidate, or to deter from voting, or bribe or attempt to bribe, any lawful voter, or impose, or attempt to impose on any lawful voter, a ticket or ballot other than it appears on its face to be, such person or persons shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than $10.00, or be sentenced to hard labor upon the streets of the city for not more than three months, one or both at the discretion of the court trying the case.

SEC. 16. That the inspectors who may hold such primary elections under this act, and return the votes, proceedings and actions thereof, herein provided, shall before assuming the duties make oath before some officer authorized to administer an oath, that they will honestly, faithfully, and to the best of their ability, do and perform all the duties of their respective offices, and any willful violation of said oath or of any other taken under the provisions of this act, shall be held to be perjury, and shall be punished as provided by the laws of the State for the crime of perjury.

The Chief of Police and the Sheriff of New Hanover County are required to see that good order is preserved at such election, and may arrest and prevent for commitment to the nearest officer clothed with the power of justice of the peace, all persons who may be guilty of any violation of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 17. That the inspectors holding such primary election under the provisions of this Act may of their own motion, or in case of the challenge of any person offering to vote, if they deem there is any doubt of the propriety under the provisions of this Act of the vote so offered, require of the person so offering to vote his oath as to the fact which authorized the vote, and if the person so offering to vote declines to make the oath so demanded, his vote shall be rejected.

SEC. 18. That the costs and expenses of holding such primary election shall be borne by the city. The compensation of each of the inspectors shall be three dollars a day, and all charges and expenses shall be reasonable.

SEC. 19. That there shall be three inspectors of election appointed for each election precinct at such primary election, and in making the appointment of inspectors the executive committee shall, so far as possible, select qualified voters from a list of names agreed upon by a majority of the candidates before a primary election; provided, such agreed list is filed with the committee on such days as may be designated by the committee.

SEC. 20. That the executive committee of the city, when they are petitioned by one hundred qualified electors of the same political party the committee belongs to, shall call and cause to be held a primary election as provided for in this act; and should the committee refuse to call or hold such primary election as petitioned for, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days or more than ninety days.

SEC. 21. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 22. This Act shall be in force from and after the ratification.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST for a generous 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York.
Secretary

se 11 1y tu th sa

Proof.

It is an easy matter to claim that a remedy has wonderful curative power. The manufacturers of

Rheumacide

leave it to those who have been permanently and positively cured of RHEUMATISM to make claims. Among those who have recently written us voluntary letters saying they have been cured are: Rev. J. L. Foster, Raleigh, N. C.; Mr. J. E. Robinson, Editor, Goldsboro, N. C., Daily Argus; Mr. A. Daus, a prominent merchant, Macon, Ga., and Mr. W. R. Duke, a railroad man, Kansas City, Mo.

Rheumacide Will Cure You.

Manufactured by THE BOBBITT DRUG CO.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

ja 10 1y tu th sa

The Murchison National Bank.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $200,000.

Opens Wednesday morning, March 1st. Business solicited. Patrons can rely on strict attention to their accounts, and

As liberal methods as are consistent with safe banking.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

K. M. MURCHISON, M. J. CORBETT, J. C. STEVENSON, A. B. NICHOLS, R. W. WALLACE, H. C. McQUEEN, J. V. GRAINGER, J. A. SPRINGER, W. G. WHITEHEAD, T. M. EMERSON, A. S. WILLIAMS, FRED KIDDER, N. JACOBI, N. B. RANKIN, W. H. SPRUNT.

ma 1 tf

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

We have just received a large and select stock, which we offer to the trade at close figures: Flour, Salt, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Snuff, Bacon, Lard, Soaps, Meal, Rice, Bagging, Ties, Nails, Oysters, Peaches, Cakes, Cheese, Corn Beef, Baking Powders, Teas, Cheroots, Cigarettes, Tomatoes, etc. In fact,

Everything kept in a First-class Grocery Store.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

WILLIAMS BROS.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

fe 18 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK

GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

fe 9 tf

Barber Shop Removed.

JOHN E. COWELL has removed from 11 South Front street to 125 Princess street, between Front and Second, where he is prepared to serve his friends in a style that cannot be surpassed in the art tonsorial.

fe 5 tf

A Few Bargains Left in Damaged Furniture.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

Cane Seat Chairs,	50c
Oak Sideboards, . .	$7.00
Oak Beds, ...	2.00
Oak Bedroom Suits,	11.00
Woven Wire Springs,	1.00 and up.

And everything on our floors at a Sacrifice.
Come Early. TERMS CASH.

THE SNEED CO.

fe 98 tf

White Shirt and Rug Sale!

One Week From Monday, Feb. 27th, to Saturday, March 4th.

A Fine Chance to Put in a Supply of Shirts.

BARGAIN No. 1—Men and Boys' Shirts unlaundered, good quality of Shirting, reinforced front and back, well made, patent neck-band best fit, all sizes, each 35c, or $2.00 per half doz. This is a regular 50c Shirt. Bargain No. 2—Same style as bargain No. 1, but finer quality Shirting, all linen bosom, each 45c or $2.50 per half dozen. This Shirt is sold elsewhere at 65 and 75c. Bargain No. 3—Very best grade, heavy linen bosom with all the latest improvements. This Shirt is our regular $1.00 grade, each 69c or $3.75 for half dozen. Bargain No. 4—White Laundered Shirts. Our regular 65c Shirt this week 45c each, or $2.50 per half dozen. Sold elsewhere for 75c. Bargain No. 5—Our 75c grade this week 55c each, or $3.00 for half dozen. Bargain No. 6—Our $1.00 grade this week 69c each, or $4.00 for half dozen. Bargain No. 7—Our $1.25 grade this week 79c each, or $4.50 for half dozen

GREAT SALE OF RUGS.

BARGAIN No. 8—Our 75c Brussel Rug with Fringe, this week only 50c. Bargain No. 9—Our $1.25 Tapestry, Fringed Rug, 1¼ yards long, this week only 89c. Bargain No. 10—Our $1.00 Jute Rug with Fringe, 32x72 inches, this week only 75c. Bargain No. 11—Our 90c Smyrna, Fringed Rug, this week only 85c. Bargain No. 12—Our $1.00 Jute Rug, Fringed, this week only 68c. Bargain No. 13—Smyrna Rugs, price $1.65, this week at $1.25. Bargain No. 14—59c Door Mats, this week 35c.

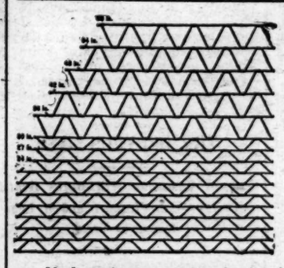
BARGAINS IN CARPETS.—All Wool Ingrain Carpet at 50c per yard. Full Line Matting at 10c up. Bargains in Lace Curtains and Window Shades.

Yours for Bargains,

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Phone 118 and 218. FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.

fe 26 tf



The Hartman Woven Wire Fencing

IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

ja 15 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

We beg to notify our customers that we have disposed of our entire Plumbing Department to The Wilmington Iron Works, and solicit for them the same liberal patronage bestowed upon ourselves,

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

fe 26 tf

The Big Racket Wants to Tell You

About the new Silks they have just received. A long new Tafeta Silk at 48c, fine Plaid Silks for Waists at 50c, beautiful Satin in Black, White and every color, at 50c, Satin Duchess, all Silk, Black, at 75c.; 27-inches wide at $1.00. We have a big line of Waist Lining. Come and see our line.

We have just received a big line of new Braid at from 4c, 5c, 7c, 17c and up to 21c.

Jets all the way from 5c to 25c.

Buttons of all kinds and prices.

Our Dress Goods are the largest we ever had, and our goods are up to date. We have all grades of new, nice goods to please you and save you money.

Our stock of Spring Gingham the best on the market at 10c; Silk Gingham at 31c; fine Check Gingham at 5c; nice Dress Ginghams at 6c.

Nice new Piques from 10 to 35c per yard.

A big line of Black Flannels from 20 to 45c, specially cheap.

Our Table Linen is a special attraction. Nice fine White Bleached Table Damask, 54 inches wide, at 20c, 25c and 35c up to $1.00 per yard.

Doylies at almost every price, from 25c to $2.00 per dozen, special value.

Remember our notions where we are displaying lots of cheap things. Notions of all kinds.

We have 300 pairs of Corsets to sell at and below cost. If you need a Corset come and see us; we will save you money.

In Shoes we are doing quite a nice business at bottom prices. Our Men Shoes at $1.00 are very pretty, but we have them from $1.00 to $4.00 a pair.

We handle Children Shoes for 18c to $1.00 a pair. Women Shoes from 50c to $3.00 a pair.

Ladies damaged Kid Gloves at 25c a pair.

Bring your card and get it punched with every cash purchase, as I have just received a big line of fine Chairs and Tables and Glassware to redeem them with. Come to us for bargains in every department at Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

P. S.—Remember our Dress Linings. We have everything in rare Silks and Tafetas and Cambrics at money saving prices to you.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.

fe 19 tf

OUR BUYER

Being in the Northern markets purchasing the latest productions for Spring and Summer 1899, we are forced to make room for the first arrivals, which are expected to reach us in a few days. It will therefore be to your advantage to call during this week and

Note the General Reduction in all Departments.

In our Carpet Department.
In our Dress Goods Department.
In our Domestic Department.
In our Linen Department.
In our Cloak and Suit Department.

And so on, Up stairs and Down stairs. Come and help us make room. FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED, at

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

No. 9 North Front Street.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS. fe 26 tf

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF ALL KINDS OF

Commercial Stationery and Blank Books.

Those merchants who are quick to give an order to every "Knight of the Grip" that drops in to shake hands, will save money if they will take the trouble to ask prices of us.

We will at least pay the freight. Try us.

C. W. YATES & CO.

fe 26 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S. A. L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:33 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 42—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:06 P. M., Hamlet 6:52 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:18 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:15 A. M., Weldon 3:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:38 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M. Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 2403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 2:20 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:26 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 40 tf

Atlantic and Yadkin Railway.

Condensed Schedule.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 50 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 00 M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 30 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 38 "
Leave Sanford	1 50 "
Leave Climax	3 44 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 15 "
Leave Greensboro	4 25 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 13 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 44 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 13 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 12 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 53 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	5 02 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOMND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

fe 18 tf

THE Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA ..... Saturday, February 25
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Saturday, March 4

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Saturday, February 25
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, March 4

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, February 28
GEO. W. CLYDE ..... Tuesday, March 7

No passenger boats.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. fe 23 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES

Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties. Try them also.

We have a limited number of beautiful SEASON CALENDARS. Call for one with your purchase. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

ja 26 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Feb. 6, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.06 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.00 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.09 A. M., Philadelphia 3.53 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.35 P. M. Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M. Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.18 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Wacca maw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.13 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 P. M., Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.18 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.25 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M. 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M. 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 4.

BUSINESS LAST MONTH LARGEST EVER KNOWN

In the Month of February—Steady Advance in Prices for Products—Great Demand for Grain.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade will say to-morrow:

The business for the past month was by far the greatest ever known in February. Clearing house exchanges were about $7,000,000,000 against $5,567,553,844 last year, and 54.2 larger than in 1892. In all the years of weekly commercial reporting there have been no other week in which reports from all parts of the country has been on the whole so good as they are this week. Moreover, during the past week, there has been a general advance in wages, immediate or prospective. At most points the advance of ten per cent. or more was entirely voluntary. It has averaged from five to ten per cent. in tin-plate works, and about 10 per cent. in other cases, and as it affects much over 100,000 hands it will add greatly to the purchasing power of the wage earners.

The return of failures in February, while showing larger liabilities than in January, are highly encouraging. A rather unusual number of large failures in scattered branches of manufactures has swelled the aggregate, including one concern for $1,000,000 in electrical apparatus, but in nearly all branches the statement indicates healthy conditions in spite of these failures, while in trading, the defaulted liabilities are smaller than in January or any previous winter month for six years.

Advance in Prices.

In prices the striking feature has been the rapid advance in iron and steel products, resulting from a demand greater than the works in the country can supply. All the works of importance have been crowded with orders, running to July and later. Belated buyers have been giving life to concerns long inactive, and as these can add but little to the output the market has been entirely controlled by the buying demand. The demand has not yet been checked, and some heavy orders have been taken at all points, even at the highest prices named, but the export business is likely to be stopped for the present. Holders of wheat have been looking for the report of the Agricultural Department regarding stocks held by farmers March 1st, but commercial reports indicate that stocks are the largest ever held at this date.

Great Demand For Grain.

Rarely if ever has there been as great demand for grain at this season as now appears, but the price has yielded 1½c for the week, although corn has advanced ½c for spot, the receipts having fallen.

The textile industries are making progress. There has been a strong increase in the demand for cotton goods, resulting in further advances in the prices for some, while in woollen goods a slight advance appears, notwithstanding a decline in the prices of wool during February. The decline has not been general in wool, nor has the advance in goods. The heavy weight season has been disappointing and the manufacturers are willing to get on for the time as best they can, in the hope that larger demand will come from the clothiers a little later.

Failures for the week have been in the U. S. 186 against 251 last year and 47 in Canada against 320 last year.

BAILEY OF TEXAS.

Announces That He Will Not be a Candidate for the Democratic Leadership in the Next Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Representative Bailey, of Texas, announced to-day that he would not be a candidate for the Democratic leadership in the next Congress. He stated to an Associated Press reporter that his decision was irrevocable, although his friends appealed to him not to make the statement.

The refusal of the Democrats yesterday to follow his lead in the demand for the consideration of the resolution, declaring that Gen. Wheeler and other members who had accepted army commissions had thereby vacated their seats, induced him to make this announcement.

Mr. Bailey later gave out the following statement: "I want it distinctly understood that I am not actuated by any feeling of pique or personal disappointment, but I am proceeding purely upon the idea that as a large number of Democrats are unwilling to insist upon an obedience to a perfectly plain provision of the constitution, they ought not to be made responsible for the leadership of a man who believes that the constitution is the supreme law of the land, and ought to be obeyed at all times and by all men. I would raise the same question again, and I will raise it as often as it presents itself, but when I raise it from my place in the ranks of the party I must take the responsibility, and others will not be compelled to share the responsibility with me. I believe that the Democrats who voted to allow these military appointees of the President to retain their seats in Congress greatly mistake the sentiments of their Democratic constituents.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, March 3, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending March 3rd:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	96,581	148,760
Total receipts to this date.....	7,192,573	7,407,437
Exports for week..	143,371	225,308
Total exports to date..*.....	5,843,144	5,440,781
Stock in all U. S. ports	761,915	1,136,860
Stock at all interior towns.....	438,098	479,004
Stock in Liverpool,	1,785,000	1,023,000
American afloat for Great Britain...	170,000	200,000

BEST OF ALL

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the Carolina Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle. †

CLOSING HOURS OF THE CONGRESS.

Tumultuous Scenes on the Floors of the Senate and the House.

RUSHING BELATED BUSINESS.

Conference Reports on Some Appropriation Bills Agreed To—Others Still in Dispute—An All-Night Session in Both Houses.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 3. — Excitement, confusion, heavy strain and hard work have characterized this, the last legislative day of the Fifty-fifth Congress in the Senate. At times the confusion was so great in this usually staid and decorous body, as to render the transaction of business almost impossible. Business that ordinarily would have the undivided attention of every Senator on the floor was transacted amid so much noise that it was next to impossible to follow the proceedings.

Toward midnight order was being evolved from the seeming chaos of the early part of the day and evening and the prospect was fair that Congress will adjourn at noon to-morrow with its absolutely necessary work completed.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—When the Senate convened in its last executive session at 11 o'clock to-day more than the usual number of Senators was on the floor. Morning business was suspended practically and the Senate proceeded immediately to business looking to adjournment.

The following bills were passed: To incorporate the National White Cross of America, to authorize the construction of a bridge over the Tennessee river at Sheffield, Alabama. A bill providing a site for the Washington Public Library building.

Mr. Mallory, (Florida), presented the credentials of his colleague, Samuel Pasco, appointed a Senator by the Governor of Florida to fill a vacancy unfilled by the Legislature. The credentials were filed, Senator Platt, Connecticut, dissenting from the constitutionality of the appointment.

Senator Hale, of Maine, called up the General Deficiency Appropriation bill and the Senate proceeded with its consideration. Temporarily, the General Deficiency bill was laid aside in order that some conference reports might be considered.

Sundry Civil Bill Discussed.

Senator Allison presented a partial conference report on the Sundry Civil bill. It was read and aroused considerable discussion.

Senator Morgan denounced what he termed the "log rolling" regarding public buildings, declaring that the action of the ruler of the House was a fraud and an outrage. "I saw," said he, "bills passed by the Senate in such a hurry that many of the names of the cities could not be understood by Senators. I want to protest against that sort of legislation. I know where the incentive of this performance comes from. I know the origin of that wrong. I know the man who inspired it. His will and pleasure was to make fair weather for a particular set of men who are favorites of the particular ruler of the House.

The refusal of the House conferees to yield on the Hawaiian cable was discussed at length. Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, spoke in support of the Senate conferees, and was followed by Senator Chandler, who expressed the hope that the Senate conferees would adhere to the Senate's proposition even if an extra session were thereby forced. "There are some things," he said, "worse than an extra session of Congress."

Senator Stewart and Senator Morgan considered the cable amendment as the most important feature of the Sundry Civil bill. Senator Morgan said the cable would give the United States control of intelligence in the north Pacific ocean. He declared the contest in the conference report against the Senate amendment was a "war in favor of monopoly," and he knew, he said, who was responsible for it.

The partial report was agreed to and the Senate requested another conference with the House.

At 2:05 P. M. the Senate, on motion of Mr. Hale, went into executive session.

At the conclusion of the executive session Senator Chilton, Texas, announced the death of Hon. Jno. W. Cranford, of Texas.

Senator Frye, Maine, chairman of the Committee on Commerce, presented the final conference report on the River and Harbor bill. He consented to withhold it in order that consideration of the General Deficiency bill might be proceeded with.

Senator Hale offered an amendment appropriating $3,000,000 as an emergency fund, to be expended by the President at his discretion. The amendment was accepted without debate or explanation.

Army and Navy Appropriations.

Consideration of the Army Appropriation bill was then begun. The few amendments of the Senate committee to the bill were agreed to as the reading of the measure proceeded.

Senator Warren, a member of the Committee on Military Affairs offered an amendment providing that the adjutant general of the army should have the rank, pay and allowance of a major general.

Senator Petus, also a member of the Military Affairs Committee, objected and made a point of order against it on the ground of general legislation. He said that if the amendment was pressed there should be discussion of it.

At this point consideration of the army bill was suspended to enable Senrtor Hale to present a partial conference report on the Naval Appropriation bill. He explained that none of the seriously contested questions, such as the price of armor, were incorporated in the report. The Senate further insisted upon its amendment and asked for a new conference.

The debate on the Army Appropriation bill was then resumed.

Senator Foraker offered the following amendment, of which he gave notice a few days since, declaring against the granting of franchises in Cuba, omitting the portions relating to the withdrawal of the United States troops in the island. The amendment as offered was as follows:

"That no property franchises or concessions of any kind whatever, shall be granted by the United States or by any military or other authority whatever in the island of Cuba during the occupation thereof by the United States."

Senator Burrows stated that he had been informed by the War Department to-day that no franchises had been granted and that none was to be granted.

Senator Morgan thought the amendment premature and a dangerous innovation. He said there were many men in Cuba ready to cut each other's throats and we should go slow in our deliberations. Senator Morgan contended that the matter should be left in the hands of the President. When we find such a tumult as there has been over General Gomez's acceptance of the $3,000,000 profferred by the United States, it is evident that the people are not capable of self-government.

After further debate the amendment was adopted, 45 to 11.

The Senate at 2 o'clock recommitted the River and Harbor bill to the conference committee.

House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—At 11 o'clock to-day the House entered upon the last legislative day of the session. The managers were in their places and the public galleries were crowded in anticipatation of spectacular scenes.

Immediately after the reading of the Journal Mr. Burke, Democrat, Texas, announced the death of his colleague, Representative Cranford, in feeling words and the usual resolutions were adopted, and a committee was appointed to attend the funeral.

Mr. Walker, Republican, Massachusetts, who has been seeking the privilege of addressing the House for several days, then secured unanimous consent to speak for an hour, such time, however, not to interfere with conference reports.

Bills were pass allowing certain officers to accept decorations from foreign governments and some conference reports on bills of minor importance were agreed to.

Currency Reformers.

Mr. Walker, chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, then took the floor under the privilege granted him earlier in the day. The statement was largely personal, showing the efforts Mr. Walker had made during a long series of years to secure monetary legislation. In this connection he answered published criticisms of his course and went into an elaborate explanation of the long fight in his committee which resulted in the report of the bill and its subsequent withdrawal. His colleague, Mr. Barrett, Republican, Massachusetts, demanded an opportunity to reply, claiming that Mr. Walker had agreed to yield him time. This Mr. Walker denied, saying he always kept his promises to man and God, but "not according to the standards of his colleagues."

Mr. Barrett denounced the denial as an "unmitigated falsehood."

Mr. Walker proceeded to criticise the currency committee, selected by Mr. Grosvenor, chairman of the Republican caucus. Mr. Walker spoke in high terms of Mr. H. H. Hanna, of the Indianapolis minority committee, but denounced the manner in which he and his colleagues had lobbied about the capitol for alleged currency reforms. "The difficulty with these reformers," he said, "is that they obtain their facts from canvas-back and terrapin and their arguments from champagne. The result is robbery."

"Do you expect the next Congress," interposed Mr. Johnson, Republican, Indiana, "to enact any banking and currency legislation worthy of the name? I do not."

"If it does," replied Mr. Walker, "it will mean certain defeat for the Republican party. There is more dynamite connected with banking and currency than any subject ever introduced in the House. Any party that attempts a settlement of the currency question before the silver question will be swamped."

The Senate bill for a light and fog signal at Sabine Pass, Tex., was passed.

Buncoed by the Senate.

The conference report upon the bill appropriating $75,000 for a site for a custom house at Baltimore, Md., recommending the acceptance of the Senate amendment authorizing the erection of a new public building at Baltimore to cost not to exceed $1,000,000 was presented by Mr. Mercer. It aroused the opposition and indignation of Mr. Payne, Republican, New York, who declared that the report should be rejected. "It is about time," said he, "that the House insist upon its rights."

"This is another case of being buncoed by the Senate," observed Mr. Dalzell, Republican, Pennsylvania.

The conference report was agreed to.

Mr. Cannon presented the conference report upon the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, and moved its adoption. He explained briefly the points upon which the conferences had agreed and the report was adopted. Upon the items still in dispute he moved that the House insist upon its disagreement.

Mr. Kitchen, Democrat, North Carolina, moved to concur in the amendment appropriating $75,000 for a public building at Durham, N. C.; lost, 85 to 96.

The Pacific Cable.

Mr. Corliss moved to concur in the Pacific cable amendment. Mr. Corliss earnestly advocated the adoption of the Senate amendment. He said the government should lay the cable. Mr. Dinsmore, Democrat, Arkansas, took occasion during the debate upon the motion to outline the Democratic policy regarding the Philippines in accordance with the dictum of the Democratic caucus last Monday. He declared that it was the solemn duty of the Republicans to announce a policy, and pointed out the fruitless efforts of the Democrats to force a declaration.

The motion to concur in the Pacific cable amendment, modified so as to include the other amendment, appropriating $350,000 for a cable steamer, was defeated—77 to 102.

The House then insisted upon its disagreement to the items of the Sundry Civil bill still in dispute, and agreed to a further conference. The House conferees were specifically instructed to insist upon their disagreement to the Senate amendment, increasing the salaries of appraisers at Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Chicago.

At 5.40 P. M. the House recessed until 8 o'clock.

The House passed the Army Appropriation bill with all Senate amendments and the bill now goes to the President.

GEORGIA AND ALABAMA R. R.

The Projected Great Terminals of the Road at Savannah, Georgia, Will be Abandoned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 3.—Some concern has been felt here since the Georgia and Alabama road purchased the Seaboard and the Florida Central and Peninsular, lest the projected great terminals of the Georgia and Alabama at this place be abandoned and the Seaboard's terminals at Portsmouth be used for the new system. Anxiety on this score, however, has been allayed by the letting to W. W. Hegman, of Pittsburg, of a $300,000 contract for dredging and piling for the terminals across the river from this city. The contract provides that the work shall be in progress by April 1. The Georgia and Alabama has also taken options on a considerable quantity of real estate in the city adjacent to the present Central depot.

Early yesterday morning a distinct earthquake shock was felt in Norfolk, Va. Furniture was made to rattle and many people were awakened from their slumbers. It lasted about four seconds.

A HAIL STORM AND CYCLONE.

Great Destruction of Property in the Upper Edge of Marlboro County, S. C.

NO LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED.

Residences Demolished and Other Buildings Wrecked—Thunder Storm at Greensboro, N. C.—Two Colored Men Killed by Lightning.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 3.—Reports to-night from Gibson, Richmond county, say:

The upper edge of Marlboro county, S. C., near this place, was visited by a terrible hail storm and cyclone between four and five o'clock this afternoon. The hail stones were of enormous size; the larger ones by actual measurement found to be ten inches in circumference. Window glasses were shattered, shingles were split and quite a number of fowls were killed.

The path of the cyclone was fifty to seventy-five yards wide and so far as heard from about three miles long. It destroyed several tenant houses on Mr. D. S. Adams' place and severely damaged his residence, completely demolishing the residence of Mr. Joseph Newton. Mr. Newton himself was badly injured. It next struck Mr. C. D. Newton's residence, which was also wrecked, but no one was injured.

Several tenant houses on the plantations of N. T. and E. G. Fletcher were wrecked. No one was injured there.

A telegram from Greensboro, N. C., says: During a heavy thunder storm this afternoon lightning struck a house belonging to a nurseryman, John A. Young, about two miles east of Greensboro, and two negro men, John Younger and Daniel Esta, were struck and instantly killed.

THE DREYFUS CASE.

Court of Cassation Will Begin Hearing To-day—Col. Picquart and M. Leblois to be Tried.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, March 3.—The criminal section of the Court of Cessation, rendering judgment, finds that Colonel Picquart and M. Leblois, a lawyer, should be tried by a civil court for the alleged forgery with which they are charged, and for using the forgery and divulging matter contained in secret documents in the Dreyfus case.

Relative to Picquart, the court finds that the alleged illegality in communicating to M. Leblois war office document, was not connected with the above charge, and that, therefore, the court martial retains its jurisdiction.

The United Sections of the Court of Cassation will begin the hearing in the Dreyfus case to-morrow, in conformity with the new trial revision law.

As a result of the judgment the military authorities will transfer Colonel Picquart to the civil authorities. The charge of forgery being punishable with severer penalties than the other offences imputed, it will form the first subject of investigation.

MR. MICHAEL GLENNAN.

Died at His Home in Norfolk—Gallant Confederate Soldier and Prominent in Politics.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., March 3.—Mr. Michael Glennan, vice president and general manager of the Virginian-Pilot Publishing Company, formerly owner and editor of the Norfolk *Virginian*, died at his home here at 12 o'clock to-night.

Last Sunday morning Mr. Glennan, while attending services at St. Mary's Catholic church, was attacked by rheumatism, of which he had been a lifelong sufferer. This finally reached his heart and caused his death.

Mr. Glennan served gallantly in the Confederate service, being captured at Fort Fisher, and in recent years was very prominent in the political arena.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Agreement Reached by Conferees on the River and Harbor Bill.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The conferees on the River and Harbor bill to-day agreed to and signed a report.

Senator Frye made the following statement as to the result of the conference:

"In the matter of the Nicaragua canal the conferees provided a substitute for the Senate amendment, giving full authority to the President to investigate all Isthmian canal routes, especially the Nicaragua and Panama routes. He is to have all the engineers and other employes he may need for this purpose, and is allowed to appoint the engineers either from the army or civil life. He is then to report his conclusions to the next Congress. For this purpose we appropriate $1,000,000."

ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY.

Appointment by the President Confirmed by the Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the nominations of Rear Admiral George Dewey to be Admiral of the Navy, under the act approved March 2nd, 1899, and Brigadier General Elwell S. Otis, U. S. A., to be Major General by brevet, to rank from February 4, 1899, for military skill and most distinguished service in the Philippines.

Soon after the nominations reached the Senate an executive session of that body was held and they were confirmed.

Admiral Montejo, who was in command of the Spanish squadron destroyed by Admiral Dewey in the battle of Manila bay, and the commander of the Cavite arsenal have been incarcerated in the military prison, at Madrid, pending trial for their conduct at Manila.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MARCH, APRIL, MAY

Paine's Celery Compound the Best Spring Medicine in the World.

Spring finds everybody more or less "run-down."

"Spring lassitude" is not an empty phrase. It is not a superstition or a worn-out saying, but a strictly scientific fact.

Prudent people all over the country appreciate the fact that in the spring the health is more under every one's control than at any other time, and, whether sick or well—

They are taking advantage of the marvelous invigorating power of Paine's celery compound. On every hand there are sarsaparillas, nervines and tonics, but they do not touch the edge of the real trouble—nervous debility.

When such remedies have been tried and proved valueless, Paine's celery compound has surprised and delighted by its wonderful lasting results.

Nature, the kindest and gentlest of nurses, is disposed, during these spring days, to put the blood and nerves in a healthy condition and no remedy so ably seconds her effort as Paine's celery compound.

This best of all spring remedies is making people well and insuring others against future break-downs.

As soon as spring sets in—it is now the season—everybody has more or less a feeling of langour; there is diminished appetite, disturbed sleep, less buoyancy of spirit and less disposition to exercise; some people are so indisposed that they have to keep in the house and numbers take to their beds.

The irritability of temper, the peevishness, drowsiness, and uneasiness that comes in spring, shows that the nerves and brain are the chief sufferers.

Nervousness, that so often appears at this season, inserts the thin edge of the wedge that opens the way for a long list of maladies. If you are overworked, haggard from sleepless nights, nervous and unhappy, do not give way to dread and depression before you have tried Paine's celery compound. It is the one fair test of this wonderful remedy—to try it.

Now spring has come, the tired feelings and "out of sorts" condition are to warn one that the blood is impure and the nerves "run-down." Paine's celery compound assists nature at this critical time. It supplies a scientific nerve food. Taken now, it will enable the body to throw off headaches, rheumatism and ailments akin to nervousness. It will sweep out every impurity from the blood, and will nourish the nerves and brain. It is the most effective, accurate spring remedy ever formulated.

ADVICES FROM MANILA.

U. S. Gunboat Concord Destroyed a Schooner With Supplies for Rebels.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, March 3, 3.10 P. M.—The United States gunboat Concord has arrived here after a week's cruise along the west coast of the island of Luzon. The only incident of her trip was the burning of a schooner loaded with supplies for rebels at Dagupan, the terminus of the railroad. The natives fled and abandoned the town when the gunboat anchor ed in the bay.

WARM WIRELETS.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,151,393,992; per cent. increase 39.4. Exclusive of New York $332,641,844; per cent. increase 30.

Boykin Wright, of Augusta, Ga., has been appointed receiver of the Augusta Compress Company. The amount involved is something like $90,000, represented in various creditors.

Jack Bradley, colored, was hanged in the Bienville, La., jail yesterday, for murdering a colored woman and her little child. He confessed his guilt on the scaffold.

The Norwegian bark India, from Brunswick, Ga., for Glasgow, which was reported grounded at Greenock, floated at the next tide after lighter ing a portion of her cargo.

The long predicted break from Senator Quay came on yesterday's joint ballot. Three members, Messrs. Hersch, Mackey and Yates, (Republicans) deserted his ranks and voted for other Republican candidates.

Secretary Alger is inclined to look with favor on the suggestion that the army maintained by the United States in Cuba shall be recruited from among the natives, as proposed by Gen. Gomez in his recent conference with Maj. Gen. Brooke, military governor of the island.

Rudyard Kipling continues to improve rapidly. His condition is satisfactory in every way and but one bulletin was issued yesterday, which was as follows: "Mr. Kipling has continued to improve, so that to-day his temperature and pulse are but little above normal."

Physicians of the Pope say they are quite satisfied with his condition. When leaving the Pontiff last evening they predicted for him a long life. Before going to sleep the Pope wrote a poem which was a description of his case as analogous to one which happened to Clement XII.

The only important news from the Senatorial fights in the several States is the break among the Quay forces at Harrisburg. In Lincoln, Neb., the Republican caucus took a number of ballots and then adjourned until Monday evening. No important changes in Delaware, California or Utah.

A special from Georgetown, S. C., says Ex-President Cleveland, Captain Robley D. Evans and Commodore E. C. Benedict arrived there yesterday, and left for the shooting preserves of the Santee Gun Club, where they will be the guests of the club and spend ten days or two weeks in hunting and fishing.

BATHING IN MANILA.

It Is Hardly the Style That Would Be Tolerated at Newport.

There are between 20,000 and 25,000 persons employed in the manipulation of the tobacco after it roaches Manila from the plantations. Of these laborers Arthur T. Marvin, writing in The Overland Monthly, says:

By far the greater proportion of these are girls, ranging from 10 years of age to that indefinite period that follows 20 years. The chatting and bustling of 4,000 or 5,000 women ought to be enough to set any man crazy, yet the superintendent of the manufactories is a hale, hearty and sensible fellow. The noise made by handling the tobacco is distracting enough, but when aided and abetted by 5,000 female tongues the result cannot be imagined or described.

After the labors of the day are over the employees take their departure from the factory in droves. A portion of them proceed to that portion of the bay set apart for bathing, where they plunge in and enjoy themselves. While the natives are anything but cleanly people, they certainly bathe as frequently as any with whom I am acquainted. I fear that while they are fond of water they have a horror of soap.

Every evening between sundown and dark or by moonlight thousands of the humbler folk come down to the beach to bathe and sport in the surf. Here men and women, old and young, married and single, with no more clothes on than when they came into the world, can be seen shouting and laughing, jumping and plunging, swimming and diving and having a jolly good time. They do not conduct themselves any more indecorously than the bathers at Newport or Long Branch, and no scandal seems to be caused by their habit of nude bathing.

Opposed to Walking.

Most Chinese mandarins pass the whole of their lives without taking a single yard of exercise. The late Nanking viceroy (father of the Marquis Tseng) was considered a remarkable character because he always walked 1,000 steps a day in his private garden. Under no circumstances whatever is a mandarin ever seen on foot in his own jurisdiction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—To buy, lease or rent a small farm of twenty to seventy-five acres suitable for truck, with dwelling and outbuildings thereon. Near good town preferred. Address, Box 78, LaGrange, N. C. * ma 3 2t*

Received by Steamer *Driver* to-day 50 large fat Hens, 30 bushels Yam Potatoes; also, Eggs, Pork, etc.; 75 boxes all kinds Cakes and Crackers at less than list price. T. D. Love. mar 2 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Andrew J. Howell, Jr., Bookseller and Stationer. Blank Books, Stationery, Letter Files, Ink, etc. Magazines and latest Books. 103½ Princess street. fe 28 tf

I Am Not a Candidate for Mayor or Chief of Police, but can serve you when you want anything in Country Produce. Satisfaction guaranteed. Consignments solicited. L. Tate Bowden, No. 6, Princess street. fe 26 tf

Wanted—One 35 or 40 horse power steam boiler. New or second hand. Must be in good condition and ready for use. Name price delivered in Wilmington. J. W. Murchison. fe 24 3t

M. C. Benson—The well known Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. Solicits consignments of all classes Produce. Beef Cattle a specialty ja 22 tf

Photographs—If you want up-to-date Photographs in style and finish, call on U. C Ellis. 114 Market street. ja 4 tf

Country Produce of every kind at lowest prices. Choice Sausage, Pork Sausage, dressed and live Poultry. Country shipments solicited. P. H. Smith, Bell 'Phone 388, 214 Campbell street. de 23 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. R. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet.

no 24 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
S. W. LIVERMORE, Pater.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly installments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secrets jan 1 tf

Now is the Time

TO MAKE YOUR DEPOSITS IN THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

All Deposits Made on or Before March 1st, begin to Draw Interest on That Day at Rate of

FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

fe 25 tf

Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL, ... $125,000.00
SURPLUS AND PROFITS, ... 88,400.00

We Want Your Business and Will Make It to Your Interest to Deal With Us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed. NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President, LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

P. L. BRIDGERS, D. L. GORE, J. W. NORWOOD, G. A. NORWOOD, S. P. McNAIR, E. J. POWERS, H. R. SHORT, W. E. SPRINGER, H. L. VOLLERS, C. W. WORTH, J. S. WORTH.

ma 4 tf

New Wash Goods.

We are showing an elegant line of NEW Percales, Zephyrs, Ginghams & Calicoes.

Just the thing for SHIRT WAISTS; and this bids fair to be the biggest Shirt Waist Season ever known, and rightly so, for what is there to equal the Shirt Waist in Comfort and Coolness? Last season's output in this special class of Goods was enormous, and while this was so, yet the demand was far greater than the supply.

Our NEW Season's purchase is here

for your inspection. Don't you think it would be wise to make your selections now, when the stock is at its best? For a very small sum you can choose your entire Summer's outfit of these Beautiful Goods. I could write on and on of their beauty, durability, etc., etc., but "seeing is believing." Hence we invite you to call and examine, when you will find our statements are correct.

Special in Smyrna Rugs.

A lot of 36-inch Smyrna Rugs just received. Price $2.50 each. All beautiful patterns.

A. D. BROWN.

ma 2 tf

The Rush for Spring Suits

Is Now On,

and our workmen are hustling. Drop in and look over our English, French, Scotch and Domestic suitings and trousering. They are pronounced the handsomest ever seen in this city.

Our prices are WAY DOWN and the quality of our goods Way Up.

Furnishing Goods of every description.

Elegant line Neckwear by Saturday's Express.

M. H. CURRAN,
107 Princess street.

fe 26 tf

Shoes.

Slocum's Assigned Stock Must Be Sold.

Come at once and make selection before sizes are broken, and we will

Sell You Shoes at Half the Price You Are

compelled to pay your regular dealer, as the store must soon be vacated.

FRANK HAFFNER, Manager,
120 Market Street, Slocum's Old Stand.

fe 26 tf

A Tempest in a Teapot

domestic differences usually are, but you will have no tempests about the flavor and exquisite quality of the Teas and Coffees purchased at this store. We make a leading specialty of them and choose our Coffees and Teas for their high grade quality and exquisite flavor. Our Coffees are the choicest raised, and our prices are way down for the quality.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.

'Phone 387.
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